Application No.: 09/346,794 Docket No.: 381092000720

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-24 (Cancelled)

25. (Previously presented): A method to identify a compound which behaves as an agonist for a T-type calcium channel which method comprises:

- a) contacting a recombinant cell which expresses the α_1 subunit of a heterologous T-type calcium channel with a compound to be tested; and
 - b) determining the ability of said compound to activate said α_1 subunit;

wherein said α_1 subunit is functional as a T-type calcium ion channel and is encoded by a nucleotide sequence which hybridizes under conditions of stringency corresponding to washing at 62° C in 0.2 x SSPE/0.1% SDS to a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO: 23, 25 or 27, and

wherein said activating comprises enhancing the flow of calcium ions into said cell in the presence as compared to the absence of said compound;

whereby a compound which activates said α_1 subunit is identified as an agonist of said T-type calcium channel.

- 26. (Previously presented): The method of claim 25 wherein said activation is measured by measuring the current through the calcium channel before and after said contacting of said cell with said compound.
- 27. (Previously presented): The method of claim 25, wherein said cells contain a fluorescent dye sensitive to intracellular calcium concentration and said activation is determined by observing a change in the fluorescence of said dye when said contacting is performed.
- 28. (Previously presented): A method to identify an antagonist of a T-type calcium channel which method comprises:
- a) contacting a recombinant cell expressing the α_1 subunit of a heterologous T-type calcium channel with a known agonist of said T-type calcium channel;
 - b) contacting said cell with a compound to be tested; and

sd-220211 v1 2

Application No.: 09/346,794 Docket No.: 381092000720

c) determining the ability of said compound to diminish the activation of said α_1 subunit by said agonist;

wherein said α₁ subunit is functional as a T-type calcium ion channel and is encoded by a nucleotide sequence which hybridizes under conditions of stringency corresponding to washing at 62° C in 0.2 x SSPE/0.1% SDS to a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO: 23, 25 or 27, and

wherein said activating comprises enhancing the flow of calcium ions into said cell in the presence as compared to the absence of said agonist;

whereby a compound which diminishes the activation of said α_1 subunit by said agonist is identified as an antagonist.

- 29. (Previously presented): The method of claim 28 wherein said activation is measured by measuring the current through the calcium channel before and after said contacting of said cell with said compound.
- 30. (Previously presented): The method of claim 28, wherein said cells contain a fluorescent dye sensitive to intracellular calcium concentration and said activation is determined by observing a change in the fluorescence of said dye when said contacting is performed.
- 31. (Previously presented): A method to prescreen compounds as agonists or antagonists of T-type calcium ion channels by virtue of their ability to bind said T-type channels which method comprises:
- a) contacting a recombinant cell expressing the α_1 subunit of a heterologous T-type calcium channel with a compound to be tested; and
- b) determining the ability of said compound to bind to said cell expressing said α_1 subunit;

wherein said binding is determined by observing competitive binding with a known agonist or antagonist of said channel;

wherein said α_1 subunit is functional as a T-type calcium ion channel and is encoded by a nucleotide sequence which hybridizes under conditions of stringency corresponding to washing at 62°C in 0.2 x SSPE/0.1% SDS to a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO: 23, 25 or 27,

sd-220211 v1 3

Application No.: 09/346,794 Docket No.: 381092000720

whereby a compound which is determined to bind said cell is identified as a compound which will behave as either an agonist or antagonist of a T-type calcium channel.

- 32. (New): The method defined in claim 25 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 33. (New): The method defined in claim 25 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 25.
- 34. (New): The method defined in claim 25 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 27.
- 35. (New): The method defined in claim 28 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 36. (New): The method defined in claim 28 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 25.
- 37. (New): The method defined in claim 28 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 27.
- 38. (New): The method defined in claim 31 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 39. (New): The method defined in claim 31 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 25.
- 40. (New): The method defined in claim 31 wherein the nucleic acid comprises SEQ ID NO: 27.

sd-220211 vl 4